

OPS

Basic information

What it is: Iron nanoparticles encapsulated in a carbon matrix, called OPS

The origin

Spain is currently the world's largest producer of olive oil, generating large quantities of alpechín and alperujo, a polluting organic residue.

OPS are produced from the recovery of waste from the olive sector, specifically vegetable water, using hydrothermal carbonization (HTC) techniques.

Applications



IRON NANOPARTICLES ENCAPSULATED IN CARBON

Characteristics

OPS contain on average 2.5% zero valent iron (ZVI), 44.5% total iron and 55.5% carbon. OPS are magnetic and have a mean size of 150 nm, a surface area of 14.7 m2/g, an external surface area of 3.864 m2/g, an internal surface area of 11 m2/g, a micropore volume of 0.004 cc/g and a total pore volume of 0.0696 cc/g.

If an activation process is applied to them, these values can be improved, such as obtaining a surface area of 190 m2/g and 10% ZVI.

Ecological and sustainable product, within the framework of the circular economy.

OPS laboratory metrics

IMPROVEMENT OF BIOGAS PRODUCTION

- 20% improvement in methane (CH4) production.
- Elimination of hydrogen sulfide gas up to 99%
- 24% increase in the degradation of phytotoxic compounds such as polyphenols.
- Digestate with higher iron and sulfur content (essential nutrients for plants).
- Greater stability of the biogas production process.

ELIMINATION OF CONTAMINANTS IN WATER

Yield and rate of removal of metals in water

COMPOUND	mg removed/g	mg removed/(g h) after 24h	mg removed/(g h) after 165h
Cd	1,81	0,076	0,011
œ	4,02	0,152	0,024
Cu	3,99	0,144	0,024
Ni	1,38	0,038	0,008
Zn	1,55	0,057	0,009
LINDANE (HCH) in agitated soils Dose of 50 mg/g soil	51,0	2,13	

Non-toxic product that meets circular economy and sustainability requirements.